A. General Information

Yes

Χ

No

Respondent Information (Not f	,
Name:	Hui Ling Chen, Ph.D.
Title:	Director, Institutional Research
Office:	Institutional Research
Mailing Address:	100 Saint Anselm Drive
City/State/Zip/Country:	Manchester, NH 03102
Phone:	603-222-4203
Fax:	603-222-4205
E-mail Address:	hchen@anselm.edu
Are your responses to the CDS p	osted for reference on your institution's Web site?
If yes, please provide the URL of	the corresponding Web page:
http://www.anselm.edu/Faculty-a	and-Staff/Leadership-and-Initiatives/Institutional-
Research/Handy-Numbers/Comr	
items.	
Address Information Name of College/University:	Saint Anselm College
Mailing Address:	100 Saint Anselm Drive
City/State/Zip/Country:	Manchester, NH 03102
Street Address (if different):	
City/State/Zip/Country:	
Main Phone Number:	603-641-7000
WWW Home Page Address:	www.anselm.edu
Admissions Phone Number:	www.anschn.cdd
	603-641-7500
	603-641-7500
Admissions Toll-Free Phone Nun	603-641-7500 nber: 888-426-7365
Admissions Toll-Free Phone Nun Admissions Office Mailing Addre	603-641-7500 nber: 888-426-7365
Admissions Toll-Free Phone Nun Admissions Office Mailing Addres City/State/Zip/Country:	603-641-7500 nber: 888-426-7365 ss: 100 Saint Anselm Drive
Admissions Toll-Free Phone Nun Admissions Office Mailing Addres City/State/Zip/Country: Admissions Fax Number:	603-641-7500 nber: 888-426-7365 ss: 100 Saint Anselm Drive Manchester/NH/03102 603-641-7550
Admissions Toll-Free Phone Nun Admissions Office Mailing Addres City/State/Zip/Country: Admissions Fax Number: Admissions E-mail Address:	603-641-7500 nber: 888-426-7365 ss: 100 Saint Anselm Drive Manchester/NH/03102 603-641-7550 admissions@anselm.edu
Admissions Toll-Free Phone Nun Admissions Office Mailing Addres City/State/Zip/Country: Admissions Fax Number: Admissions E-mail Address: If there is a separate URL for y	603-641-7500 nber: 888-426-7365 ss: 100 Saint Anselm Drive Manchester/NH/03102 603-641-7550 admissions@anselm.edu our
Admissions Toll-Free Phone Nun Admissions Office Mailing Addres City/State/Zip/Country: Admissions Fax Number: Admissions E-mail Address: If there is a separate URL for y school's online application, please symmetry If you have a mailing address other tabove to which applications should be	603-641-7500 nber: 888-426-7365 ss: 100 Saint Anselm Drive Manchester/NH/03102 603-641-7550 admissions@anselm.edu our pecify: than the
Admissions Toll-Free Phone Num Admissions Office Mailing Address City/State/Zip/Country: Admissions Fax Number: Admissions E-mail Address: If there is a separate URL for y school's online application, please symmetry If you have a mailing address other to above to which applications should be please provide:	603-641-7500 nber: 888-426-7365 ss: 100 Saint Anselm Drive Manchester/NH/03102 603-641-7550 admissions@anselm.edu our pecify: than the
Admissions Toll-Free Phone Num Admissions Office Mailing Address City/State/Zip/Country: Admissions Fax Number: Admissions E-mail Address: If there is a separate URL for y school's online application, please symmetry If you have a mailing address other to above to which applications should by please provide: Source of institutional control	603-641-7500 nber: 888-426-7365 ss: 100 Saint Anselm Drive Manchester/NH/03102 603-641-7550 admissions@anselm.edu our pecify: than the
Admissions Toll-Free Phone Nun Admissions Office Mailing Addres City/State/Zip/Country: Admissions Fax Number: Admissions E-mail Address:	603-641-7500 nber: 888-426-7365 ss: 100 Saint Anselm Drive Manchester/NH/03102 603-641-7550 admissions@anselm.edu our pecify: than the

	Common Data	Set 2
A3	Classify your undergraduate institution	า :
A3	Coeducational college	Χ
A3	Men's college	
A3	Women's college	
A4	Academic year calendar:	
A4	Semester	Χ
A4	Quarter	
A4	Trimester	
A4	4-1-4	
A4	Continuous	
A4	Differs by program (describe):	
	,	

A5 Degrees offered by your institution:

Other (describe):

Α4

	Bogicos circioa sy your montanom	
Α5	Certificate	
Α5	Diploma	
Α5	Associate	
Α5	Transfer Associate	
Α5	Terminal Associate	
Α5	Bachelor's	Х
Α5	Postbachelor's certificate	
Α5	Master's	
Α5	Post-master's certificate	
Α5	Doctoral degree	
	research/scholarship	
Α5	Doctoral degree –	
	professional practice	
Α5	Doctoral degree other	

B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE

Institutional Enrollment - Men and Women Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2010. Note: Report students formerly designated as "first professional" in the graduate cells.

B1		FUL	L-TIME	PART-TIME	
B1		Men	Women	Men	Women
B1	Undergraduates				
B1	Degree-seeking, first-time freshmen	240	295		1
B1	Other first-year, degree-seeking	4	1	1	
B1	All other degree-seeking	568	748	3	5
B1	Total degree-seeking	812	1,044	4	6
B1	All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses	1	0	17	12
B1	Total undergraduates	813	1,044	21	18
B1	Graduate				
B1	Degree-seeking, first-time				
B1	All other degree-seeking				
B1	All other graduates enrolled in credit courses				
B1	Total graduate	0	0	0	0
B1	Total all undergraduates				1,896
B1	Total all graduate				0
B1	GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS				1,896

Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2010. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns. Report as your institution reports to IPEDS: persons who are Hispanic/Latino should be reported only on the Hispanic/Latino line, not under any race, and persons who are non-Hispanic/Latino multi-racial should be reported only under "Two or more races."

B2		Degree- Seeking First-Time First Year	Degree-Seeking Undergraduates (include first-time first-year)	Total Undergraduates (both degree- and non-degree- seeking)
B2	Nonresident aliens	1	7	8
B2	Hispanic/Latino	18	48	49
B2	Black or African American, non- Hispanic/Latino	13	27	27
B2	White, non-Hispanic/Latino	456	1642	1661
B2	American Indian or Alaska Native, non- Hispanic/Latino	1	7	7
B2	Asian, non-Hispanic/Latino	7	19	21
B2	Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, non-Hispanic/Latino			
B2	Two or more races, non-Hispanic/Latino	8	8	8
B2	Race and/or ethnicity unknown	32	108	115
B2	TOTAL	536	1866	1896

Persistence

B3

Number of degrees awarded from July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2010

B3	Certificate/diploma	
B3	Associate degrees	
B 3	Bachelor's degrees	451
B3	Postbachelor's certificates	
B 3	Master's degrees	
B3	Post-Master's certificates	
В3	Doctoral degrees – research/scholarship	
В3	Doctoral degrees – professional practice	
B3	Doctoral degrees – other	

Graduation Rates

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS instructions and glossary on the 2010 Web-based survey.

For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the Fall 2004 cohort if available. If Fall 2004 cohort data are not available, provide data for the Fall 2003 cohort.

Fall 2004 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2004. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding Fall 2004.

B4	Initial 2004 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree- seeking undergraduate students; total all students:	516
В5	Of the initial 2004 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	0
В6	Final 2004 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (subtract question B5 from question B4)	516
В7	Of the initial 2004 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2008):	370
В8	Of the initial 2004 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2008 and by August 31, 2009):	10
В9	Of the initial 2004 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2009 and by August 31, 2010):	2
B10	Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):	382
B11	Six-year graduation rate for 2004 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):	74%

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2003. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding Fall 2003.

B4	Initial 2003 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree- seeking undergraduate students; total all students:	588
В5	Of the initial 2003 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	1
В6	Final 2003 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (subtract question B5 from question B4)	587
В7	Of the initial 2003 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2007):	418
B8	Of the initial 2003 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2007 and by August 31, 2008):	13
В9	Of the initial 2003 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2008 and by August 31, 2009):	0
B10	Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):	431
B11	Six-year graduation rate for 2003 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):	73%

Retention Rates

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2009 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

B22	For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered your institution as freshmen in Fall 2009 (or the preceding summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your institution calculates its official enrollment in Fall	
	2010?	84%

C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

Applications

C1

First-time, first-year, (freshmen) students: Provide the number of degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in Fall 2010. Include early decision, early action, and students who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should include only those students who fulfilled the requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed actionable applications) and who have been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students who were subsequently offered admission.

C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied	1710
C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied	1936
C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted	1329
C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted	1485
C1	Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	241
C1	Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	0
C1	Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	297
C1	Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	0

Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission requirements but whose final admission was contingent on space availability)

		Yes	No
C2	Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list?	Х	
	16 1 1 1 1 1 5 5 10040		

If yes, please answer the questions below for Fall 2010 admissions:

C2	Number of qualified applicants offered a placed on waiting list	442
C2	Number accepting a place on the waiting list	270
C2	Number of wait-listed students admitted	

- C2 Is your waiting list ranked?
- **C2** If yes, do you release that information to students?
- C2 Do you release that information to school counselors?

Admission Requirements

C3 High school completion requirement

	g	
C3	High school diploma is required and GED is accepted	Х
C3	High school diploma is required and GED is not accepted	
СЗ	High school diploma or equivalent is not required	

Does your institution require or recommend a general college-preparatory program for degree-seeking students?

C4	Require	Х
C4	Recommend	
C4	Neither require nor recommend	

C5 Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended. Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

C5		Units Required	Units Recommended
C5	Total academic units		
C5	English	4	
C5	Mathematics	3	4
C5	Science	3	4
C5	Of these, units that must be lab	2	2
C5	Foreign language	2	4
C5	Social studies	2	4
C5	History		
C5	Academic electives		
C5	Computer Science		
C5	Visual/Performing Arts		
C5	Other (specify)		

Basis for Selection

Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, check which applies:

C6	Open admission policy as described above for all students	No
C6	Open admission policy as described above for most students,	
Co	but	
C6	selective admission for out-of-state students	
C6	selective admission to some programs	
C6	other (explain)	

Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in first-time, first-typear, degree-seeking (freshman) admission decisions.

	Very Important	Important	Considered	Not Considered
Academic				
Rigor of secondary school record	X			
Class rank			Х	
Academic GPA	Х			
Standardized test scores				
Application Essay	X			
Recommendation(s)	X			
Nonacademic				
Interview				
Extracurricular activities			X	
Talent/ability			X	
Character/personal qualities			Х	
First generation				Χ
Alumni/ae relation			X	
Geographical residence			X	
State residency			X	
Religious affiliation/commitment				X
Racial/ethnic status			X	
Volunteer work			Х	

C 7	Work experience			X		
C7	Level of applicant's interest				Х	
C8	SAT and ACT Policies Entrance exams					
				Yes	No	7
C8A	Does your institution make use Test scores in admission decis degree-seeking applicants?			х		
C8A	If yes, place check marks in the use in admission for Fall 2012.		xes below to reflec	t your institution	's policies for	
C8A				ADMISSION		
C8A		Require	Recommend	Require for Some	Consider if Submitted	No Use
C8A	SAT or ACT			Х	X	
C8A	ACT only					
C8A	SAT only					
C8A	SAT and SAT Subject Tests or ACT				X	
C8A	SAT Subject Tests only				Х	
C8B C8B C8B	applicants for Fall 2012, please writing score will be used in the ACT with Writing Component reACT with Writing component reACT with or without Writing cor	e admissions pro equired ecommended inponent accepte	cess):	X		
C8C	Please indicate how your instit	ution will use the	SAT or ACT writi	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		y: 1
C8C	For admission			SAT essay X	ACT essay X	-
C8C	For placement				Λ	1
C8C	For advising					1
C8C	In place of an application essay					
C8C	As a validity check on the application essay					
C8C	No college policy as of now					
C8C	Not using essay component					
C8D	In addition, does your institution	on use applicant	s' test scores for a	cademic advisin	q?	
C8D		Yes	No]		
			X			
C8E	Latest date by which SAT or At fall-term admission	CT scores must	be received for	2/1		
C8E	Latest date by which SAT Subj for fall-term admission	ect Test scores	must be received	2/1		
C 0 F	If necessary, use this space to	clarify your test	policies (e.g., if tes	sts are recomme	nded for some	7

C8F

If necessary, use this space to clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests are recommended for some students, or if tests are not required of some students):

C8G Please indicate which tests your institution uses for placement (e.g., state tests):

C8G	SAT		
	4.07		
C8G			
C8G	SAT Subject Tests		
C8G	AP		
C8G	CLEP		
C8G	Institutional Exam		
CSG	State Exam (specify):		

Freshman Profile

C9

C9

C9 C9 C9 C9 C9

C9 C9 C9 C9 C9 Provide percentages for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in Fall 2010, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in Fall 2010 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted test scores. Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not critical reading for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. Do not convert SAT scores to ACT scores and vice versa. The 25th percentile is the score that 25 percent scored at or below; the 75th percentile score is the one that 25 percent scored at or above.

C9Percent submitting SAT scores94%Number submitting SAT scores510C9Percent submitting ACT scores22%Number submitting ACT scores119

CO		25th	
C9		Percentile	75th Percentile
C9	SAT Critical Reading	490	590
C9	SAT Math	490	590
	SAT Writing	490	590
	SAT Essay	N/A	N/A
C9	ACT Composite	21	26
C9	ACT Math	19	25
C9	ACT English	21	26
C9	ACT Writing	N/A	N/A

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

	SAT Critical		
	Reading	SAT Math	SAT Writing
700-800	2.00%	2.00%	1.00%
600-699	21.00%	22.00%	21.00%
500-599	49.00%	52.00%	51.00%
400-499	28.00%	24.00%	27.00%
300-399	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
200-299	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Totals should = 100%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
	ACT		
	Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
30-36	9.00%		
24-29	30.00%		
18-23	57.00%		
12-17	4.00%		
6-11	0.00%		
Below 6	0.00%		_
Totals should = 100%	100.00%	0.00%	0.00%

C10	Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).
040	

C10	Percent in top tenth of high school graduating class	
C10	Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class	
C10	Percent in top half of high school graduating class	Top half +
C10	Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class	bottom half = 100%
C10	Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class	_
C10	Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshmen) students who submitted high school class rank:	19%
	one of class fairs.	1970

Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school grade-point averages within each of the following ranges (using 4.0 scale). Report information only for those students from whom you collected high school GPA.

C11	Percent who had GPA of 3.75 and higher	5.00%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74	10.00%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49	23.00%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24	27.00%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99	33.00%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49	2.00%
C11	Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99	
C11	Percent who had GPA below 1.0	
	Totals should = 100%	100.00%

C12	Average high school GPA of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted GPA:	3.11
C12	Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high school GPA:	100.00%

Admission Policies

C13 Application Fee

C13		Yes	No
C13	Does your institution have an application fee?	X	
C13	Amount of application fee:	\$55.00	
C13		Yes	No
C13	Can it be waived for applicants with financial need?		

C13 If you have an application fee and an on-line application option, please indicate policy for students who apply on-line:

C13 Same fee:

C13 Free:

C13 Reduced:

C13		Yes	No
C13	Can on-line application fee be waived for applicants with financial need?	X	

C14 Application closing date

C14		Yes	No]	
C14	Does your institution have an		-		
	application closing date?	X			
C14	Application closing date (fall):	3/1			
C14	Priority date:		_		
C15				Yes	No
	Are first-time, first-year stude	ents accepted f	or terms other		110
C15	than the fall?	•		X	
C16	Notification to applicants of a On a rolling basis beginning	admission deci	sion sent (fill in or □	ne only)	
C16	(date):	12/1			
C16	By (date):	12/1	_		
C16	Other:				
C17	Reply policy for admitted app	olicants (fill in or	ne only) ¬		
C17 C17	Must reply by (date): No set date:		<u> </u>		
CII	Must reply by May 1 or within		_		
C17	weeks if notified	2			
	thereafter				
C17	Other:	1			
				7	
C17	Deadline for housing deposit (N	/IM/DD):	5/1	<u> </u>	
C17	Amount of housing deposit:	IIO	\$200		
C17 C17	Refundable if student does not Yes, in full	enroii?	_		
C17	Yes, in part		_		
C17	No	X			
	-		- I		
C18	Deferred admission				
C18				Yes	No
C18	Does your institution allow stude admission?	ents to postpone	e enrollment after	X	
C18	If yes, maximum period of post	ponement:	1 Year		
C19	Early admission of high scho	ool students		V	Ne
C19				Yes	No
C19	Does your institution allow high time, first-time, first-year (freshibefore high school graduation?	man) students o			x
	gradadion.				
C20	Common Application	Question remov	ed from CDS.	(Initiated during	g 2006-2007 cycle)
	Early Decision and Early	, Action Plan	e		
C21	Early Decision and Early	ACTION FIAM	3		
C21	Larry Decision			Yes	No

C21	Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date and that asks students to commit to attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year (freshman) applicants for fall enrollment?	х
C21	If "yes," please complete the following:	
C21	First or only early decision plan closing date	
C21	First or only early decision plan notification date	
C21	Other early decision plan closing date	
C21	Other early decision plan notification date	
C21	For the Fall 2010 entering class:	
C21	Number of early decision applications received by your institution	
C21	Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan	
C21	Please provide significant details about your early decision plan:	

C22 Early action

C22		Yes	No
C22	Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college?	Х	
C22	If "yes," please complete the following:		
C22	Early action closing date	11/15	

C22 _Is your early action plan a "restrictive" plan under which you limit students from applying to other early plans?

1/15

C22	Yes	No
C22		Х

D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

Fall Applicants

D2

D2 D2 D2

D3

C22 Early action notification date

D1		Yes	No
D1	Does your institution enroll transfer students? (If no, please skip to Section E)	х	
D1	If yes, may transfer students earn advanced standing credit by transferring credits earned from course work completed at other colleges/universities?	х	

D2 Provide the number of students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled as degree-seeking transfer students in Fall 2010.

	Applicants	Admitted Applicants	Enrolled Applicants
Men	54	22	10
Women	34	17	10
Total	88	39	20

Application for Admission

Indicate terms for which transfers may enroll:

		_	,			
3	Fall	Х				
3	Winter					
3	Spring	Х				
3	Summer					
1				Yes	No]
1	Must a transfer applicant credits completed or else freshman?				х	
1	If yes, what is the minimunit of measure?	um number of o	credits and the			1
5	Indicate all items require	d of transfer st	udents to apply	for admission:		
5		Required of All	Recommended of All	Recommended of Some	Required of Some	Not Required
5	High school transcript	Х				
)	College transcript(s)	Х				
5	Essay or personal statement	х				
5	Interview		Х			
5	Standardized test scores	х			X (Fall 2011)	
5	Statement of good standing from prior institution(s)	x				
				ı	1	
5	If a minimum high schoo					
	required of transfer appli scale):	cants, specify ((On a 4.0	2.50		
7	If a minimum college gra			2.50		
3	List any other application	n requirements	specific to trans		1	
)	List application priority, of applications are reviewe admission" column.					
)	Carriodian Column.		T	Notification		Rolling

D9		Priority Date	Closing Date	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
D9	Fall	5/1				Х
D9	Winter					
D9	Spring	12/1				Х
D9	Summer					

D10		Yes	No
D10	Does an open admission policy, if reported, apply to transfer students?		Х

D11 Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if applicable:

D12	Report the lowest grade earned for any course that may be transferred for credit:	С	
		_	
D13		Number	Unit Type
D13	Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a two-year institution:	20 Courses	Course Count
D14		Number	Unit Type
D14	Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a four-year institution:	20 Courses	Course Count
D15	Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn an associate degree:		
D16	Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree:	20 Courses	

D17 Describe other transfer credit policies: Degree candidates must take 20 courses in residence at Saint Anselm College, and the entire senior year must be taken at the College.

E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

Special study options: Identify those programs available at your institution. Refer to the glossary for definitions.

E1	Accelerated program	
E1	Cooperative education program	
E1	Cross-registration	Χ
E1	Distance learning	
E1	Double major	
E1	Dual enrollment	X
E1	English as a Second Language (ESL)	
E1	Exchange student program (domestic)	Х
E1	External degree program	
E1	Honors Program	X
E1	Independent study	Х
E1	Internships	X
E1	Liberal arts/career combination	X
E1	Student-designed major	
E1	Study abroad	X
E1	Teacher certification program	Χ
E1	Weekend college	
E1	Other (specify):	

E2 This question has been removed from the Common Data Set.

E3 Areas in which all or most students are required to complete some course work prior to graduation:

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
E 3	Arts/fine arts	
E3	Computer literacy	
E3	English (including composition)	X
E 3	Foreign languages	Χ
E3	History	
E3	Humanities	X
E 3	Mathematics	
E3	Philosophy	Χ
E3	Sciences (biological or physical)	X
E 3	Social science	
E 3	Other (describe): Theology	Х

Library Collections: The CDS Publishers will collect library data again when a new Academic Libraries Survey is in place.

F. STUDENT LIFE

F1 Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshman) degree-seeking students and degree-seeking undergraduates enrolled in Fall 2010 who fit the following categories:

F1		First-time, first- year (freshman) students	Undergraduates
F1	Percent who are from out of state (exclude international/nonresident aliens from the numerator and denominator)		
	numerator and denominator)	78%	78%
F1	Percent of men who join fraternities	0	0
F1	Percent of women who join sororities	0	0
F1	Percent who live in college-owned, -operated,		
	or -affiliated housing	95%	91%
F1	Percent who live off campus or commute		
F1	Percent of students age 25 and older	0%	0.5%
F1	Average age of full-time students	18	20
F1	Average age of all students (full- and part-		
	time)	18	20

F2 Activities offered Identify those programs available at your institution.

F2	Campus Ministries	Χ
F2	Choral groups	Χ
F2	Concert band	
F2	Dance	
F2	Drama/theater	Χ
F2		V
	International Student Organization	Х
F2	Jazz band	
F2	Literary magazine	Χ
F2	Marching band	
F2	Model UN	Χ
F2	Music ensembles	
F2	Musical theater	
F2	Opera	
F2	Pep band	
F2	Radio station	
F2	Student government	Χ
F2	Student newspaper	Χ
F2	Student-run film society	Χ
F2	Symphony orchestra	
F2	Television station	
F2	Yearbook	Χ

F3 ROTC (program offered in cooperation with Reserve Officers' Training Corps)

		• · · /			
F3		On Campus	At Cooperating Institution	Name of Cooperating Institution	
F3	Army ROTC is offered:		X	University of New Hampshire - Durham campus	
F3	Naval ROTC is offered:				
F3	Air Force ROTC is offered:				

F4 Housing: Check all types of college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing available for undergraduates at your institution.

F4	Coed dorms	Х
F4	Men's dorms	Х
F4	Women's dorms	Χ
F4	Apartments for married students	
F4	Apartments for single students	Χ
F4	Special housing for disabled	
	students	
F4	Special housing for international	
	students	
F4	Fraternity/sorority housing	
F4	Cooperative housing	
F4	Theme housing	Χ
F4	Wellness housing	
F4	Other housing options (specify):	Х
	Subtance Free Housing	

G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

G0. Please provide the URL of your in	stitution's net price calculator:		
Provide 2011-2012 academic year costs institution.	of attendance for the following	categories that are applicable	e to your
Check here if your institution's 2011-1 approximate date (i.e., month/day) whavailable:			
G1. Undergraduate full-time tuition List the typical tuition, required fees, academic year (30 semester hours or a hour cost by number of credits). A ful June; usually equated to two semester Room and board is defined as double include only charges that all full-time activity fees.) Do not include optional	and room and board for a full-tin 45 quarter hours for institutions that I academic year refers to the perions, two trimesters, three quarters, occupancy and 19 meals per wee students must pay that are <i>not</i> in	ne undergraduate student for the nat derive annual tuition by mul- od of time generally extending or the period covered by a four- k or the maximum meal plan. I cluded in tuition (e.g., registrat	tiplying credit from September to one-four plan. Required fees
	FIRST-YEAR	UNDERGRADUATES]
PRIVATE INSTITUTION Tuition: PUBLIC INSTITUTION Tuition: In-district:	31,530	31,530	
In-state (out-of-district):			
Out-of-state:			
NONRESIDENT ALIEN: Tuition:	31,530	31,530	
REQUIRED FEES:	1,010	835	
ROOM AND BOARD: (on-campus) ROOM ONLY:	11,930	11,930	
(on-campus) BOARD ONLY: (on-campus meal plan)			
Comprehensive tuition and room ar fees):	nd board fee (if your college cann	ot provide separate tuition and	room and board
Other:			
G2. Number of credits per term a stude	nt can take for the stated full-ti	me tuition 12_minimu	m 15_maximum
G3. Do tuition and fees vary by year of	study (e.g., sophomore, junior,	senior)?	XXX No
G4. Do tuition and fees vary by underg	aduate instructional program?	☐ Yes	_XXX No
If yes, what percentage of full-time undo	ergraduates pay more than the	tuition and fees reported in C	1 ?

G5. Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

	Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
Books and supplies:	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000
Room only:			
Board only:		\$1,500	
Room and board total (if your college cannot provide separate room and board figures for commuters not living at home):			\$9,500
Transportation:	500	1,000	1,000
Other expenses:	1,000	1,000	1,000

G6. Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges (tuition only):

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:	
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS In-district:	
In-state (out-of-district):	
Out-of-state:	
NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	

H. FINANCIAL AID

Please refer to the following financial aid definitions when completing Section H.

Awarded aid: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.

H. FINANCIAL AID

Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

Enter total dollar amounts **awarded** to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (**using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates**) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2009-2010 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2009-2010 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). **Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should <u>be reported in the need-based aid columns</u>. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)**

H1		2010-2011 estimated	2009-2010 final
H1	Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for items H1, H2, H2A, and H6 below:	X	

H3 Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid?

H3	Federal methodology (FM)	
H3	Institutional methodology (IM)	
H3	Both FM and IM	Х

Н1		Need-based \$ (Include non-need-based aid used to meet need.)	Non-need- based \$ (Exclude non-need- based aid used to meet need.)
H1	Scholarships/Grants		
H1	Federal	\$1,735,025	\$0
H1	State (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is located)	\$102,700	\$0
H1	Institutional: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants, awarded by the college, excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below).	\$20,892,357	\$3,203,171
H1	Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by the college	\$443,140	\$112,570
H1	Total Scholarships/Grants	\$23,173,222	\$3,315,741
H1	Self-Help		
H1	Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)	\$8,546,878	\$4,933,593
H1	Federal Work-Study	\$1,759,370	
H1	State and other (e.g., institutional) work-study/employment (Note: Excludes Federal Work-Study captured above.)	\$0	\$14,000
H1	Total Self-Help	\$10,306,248	\$4,947,593
H1	Other		
H1	Parent Loans	\$2,154,878	\$5,065,845
H1	Tuition Waivers Reporting is optional. Report tuition waivers in this row if you choose to report them. Do not report tuition waivers elsewhere.	\$854,581	\$1,150,149
	Athletic Awards	\$445,347	\$675,451

First-time Full-time Less Than H2 Full-time Full-time Undergraduate Freshmen (Incl. Fresh.) Undergraduate Number of degree-seeking undergraduate 535 1,869 11 students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2010 H2 cohort) Number of students in line **a** who applied for 487 1,581 9 H2 need-based financial aid Number of students in line b who were 421 1,384 8 H2 determined to have financial need Number of students in line **c** who were awarded 421 1,381 8 **H2** any financial aid Number of students in line **d** who were awarded 1,371 421 8 **H2** any need-based scholarship or grant aid Number of students in line **d** who were awarded 364 1,235 8 **H2** any need-based self-help aid Number of students in line **d** who were awarded 47 121 0 H2 any non-need-based scholarship or grant aid Number of students in line d whose need was 66 216 2 fully met (exclude PLUS loans, unsubsidized **H2** loans, and private alternative loans) On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any needbased aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in **H2** excess of need as well as any resources that 80.42% 80.50% 86.17% were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) The average financial aid package of those in line d. Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, **H2** \$ 23,844 \$ 23,864 \$ 17,285 unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) Average need-based scholarship and grant H2 \$ 18,756 \$ 17,779 \$ 12,258 k) award of those in line e Average need-based self-help award (excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private **H2** \$ 5,884 \$ 6,948 \$ 5,027 alternative loans) of those in line f Average need-based loan (excluding PLUS m) loans, unsubsidized loans, and private **H2** \$ 4,456 \$ 5,529 \$ 4,183 alternative loans) of those in line f who were awarded a need-based loan

H2

Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

H2A			First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh.)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
H2A	n)	Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)	80	295	0
H2A	0)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and grant aid awarded to students in line n	\$ 9,412	\$ 9,307	\$ 0
H2A	p)	Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non-need-based athletic scholarship or grant	10	26	0
H2A	q)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic scholarships and grants awarded to students in line p	\$ 23,553	\$ 25,978	\$ 0

H3 Incorporated into H1 above.

Note: These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4, H4a, H5, and H5a.

Include: * 2010 undergraduate class who graduated between July 1, 2098 and June 30, 2010 who started at your institution as first- time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2009 and June 30, 2010.

- * only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.
- * co-signed loans.

Exclude: * those who transferred in.

* money borrowed at other institutions.

Н4	Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through any loan programs (institutional, state, Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized, private loans that were certified by your institution, etc.; exclude parent loans). Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.	82%
Н4а	Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through federal loan programsFederal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and parent loans.	80%
Н5	Report the average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed of those in line H4.	
	ulose III III le l 14.	\$38,858

Н5а

Report the average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed, of those in H4a, through federal loan programs--Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. These are listed in line H4a. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and exclude parent loans.

\$19,211

Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens (Note: Report numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.)

H6	Indicate your institution's policy regarding institutional scholarship and degree-seeking nonresident aliens:		
H6	Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid is available	X	
H6 H6	Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is available Institutional scholarship or grant aid is not available	X	
Н6	If institutional financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeki aliens, provide the number of undergraduate degree-seeking nonresid were awarded need-based or non-need-based aid:	0	8
Н6	Average dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergr seeking nonresident aliens:	aduate degree-	\$41,763
Н6	Total dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergradu seeking nonresident aliens:	ate degree-	\$334,100

H7 Check off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first-year financial aid applicants must submit:

H7	Institution's own financial aid form	
H7	CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE	Х
H7	International Student's Financial Aid Application	
H7	International Student's Certification of Finances	Х
H7	Other (specify):	

Process for First-Year/Freshman Students

H8 Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial aid applicants must submit:

H8	FAFSA	Х
Н8	Institution's own financial aid form	
Н8	CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE	Х
H8	State aid form	
Н8	Noncustodial PROFILE	Х
Н8	Business/Farm Supplement	Х
H8	Other (specify):	Х
	Parent and Student Tax Returns	

H9 Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:

)	Deadline for filing required financial aid forms:		3/
	No deadline for filing required forms (applications rolling basis):	processed on a	
0	Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) students (answer a	a or b)·
0	a) Students notified on or about (date):) stadents (answer a	λ O1 D).
0	a) Students notined on or about (date).	Yes	No
0	h) Ctudente netified en e relling besier	X	INU
0	b) Students notified on a rolling basis: If yes, starting date:	3/1	
•	ii yes, starting date.	3/1	
1	Indicate reply dates:		
1	Students must reply by (date):	5/1	
1	or within weeks of notification.	2	
•	Worke of Hothication.		
	Types of Aid Available		
	Please check off all types of aid available to under	vraraduatos at vour i	netitution:
2	Loans	on praduates at your n	nstitution.
	FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM	// (DIRECT	
2	LOAN)	(5(201	
2	Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans		Х
2	Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans		Х
2	Direct PLUS Loans		Х
ı			
2	Federal Perkins Loans		Х
2	Federal Nursing Loans		
2	State Loans		
2	College/university loans from institutional funds		
2	Other (specify):		
3	Scholarships and Grants		
3	NEED-BASED:		
3	Federal Pell		Х
3	SEOG		Х
3	State scholarships/grants		Х
3	Private scholarships		Х
3	College/university scholarship or grant aid from ir	nstitutional funds	X
3	United Negro College Fund		
3	Federal Nursing Scholarship		
3	Other (specify):	L	
_	Charle off aritaria was discussed by the Control of	al Obodinali di di	
4	Check off criteria used in awarding institutional ai	1	
4	Asadamia	Non-Need Based	Need-Based
4	Academics	X	X
4	Alumni affiliation	X	X
		i e	
4	Art		

Χ

Χ

H14 Athletics

H14 Job skills

H14	ROTC		
H14	Leadership	X	X
H14	Minority status		Х
H14	Music/drama	Х	X
H14	Religious affiliation		X
H14	State/district residency	X	X

If your institution has recently implemented any major financial aid policy, program, or initiative to make your institution more affordable to incoming students such as replacing loans with grants, or waiving costs for families below a certain income level please provide details below:

H15

I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2010. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDS/AAUP.

11

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

	Full-time	Part-time
(a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral fellows, or pre-doctoral fellows	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status	Exclude	Include if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(c) other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status	Exclude	Include
(d) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like	Exclude	Exclude
(e) faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
(f) faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
(g) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instructional faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as Black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian, Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business, and public administration. Also includes terminal degrees formerly designated as "first professional," including dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), or law (JD).

Terminal degree: the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts).

11			Full- Time	Part- Time	Total
11	a)	Total number of instructional faculty	141	55	196
11	b)	Total number who are members of minority groups	13	2	15
11	c)	Total number who are women	71	29	100
11	d)	Total number who are men	70	26	96
11	e)	Total number who are nonresident aliens (international)	3	0	3
11	f)	Total number with doctorate, or other terminal degree	129	19	148
I 1	g)	Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal master's	12	36	48
11	h)	Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's	0	0	0
11	i)	Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note: Items f , g , h , and i must sum up to item a .)	0	0	0
I1	j)	Total number in stand-alone graduate/ professional programs in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students	0	0	0

12 Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2010 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

12	Fall 2010 Student to Faculty ratio	12	to 1	(based on	1870	FTE students
				and	159	FTE faculty).

13 Undergraduate Class Size

16

134

13

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2010 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of class sections and class subsections offered in Fall 2010. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled

13	Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)								
13	CLASS	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
13	SECTIONS	56	162	126	31	4	7	5	391
13	CLASS	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
	SUB-								

0

155

0

J. DEGREES CONFERRED

J1 Degrees conferred between July 1, 2009 and June 30, 2010

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1st and 2nd majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2nd major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1st majors only.

J1	Category	Diploma/ Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP 2000 Categories to Include
J1	Agriculture				1
J1	Natural resources/environmental science				3
J1	Architecture				4
J1	Area and ethnic studies				5
J1	Communication/journalism				9
J1	Communication technologies				10
J1	Computer and information sciences			0.4%	11
J1	Personal and culinary services				12
J1	Education				13
J1	Engineering			0.7%	14
J1	Engineering technologies				15
J1	Foreign languages and literature			1.8%	16
J1	Family and consumer sciences				19
J1	Law/legal studies				22
J1	English			6.4%	23
J1	Liberal arts/general studies			0.4%	24
J1	Library science				25
J1	Biological/life sciences			5.8%	26
J1	Mathematics and statistics			1.1%	27
J1	Military science and military technologies				28 & 29
J1	Interdisciplinary studies			2.0%	30
J1	Parks and recreation				31
J1	Philosophy and religious studies			2.7%	38
J1	Theology and religious vocations			0.9%	39
J1	Physical sciences			1.3%	40
J1	Science technologies				41
J1	Psychology			7.5%	42
J1	Homeland Security, law enforcement, firefighting, and protective services				43
J1	Public administration and social services				44
J1	Social sciences			20.0%	45
J1	Construction trades				46
J1	Mechanic and repair technologies				47
J1	Precision production				48
J1	Transportation and materials moving				49
J1	Visual and performing arts			1.1%	50

Health professions and related sciences			17.1%	51
Business/marketing			22.8%	52
History			8.0%	54
Other				
11 TOTAL (should = 100%)	0.00%	0.00%	100.00%	

Common Data Set Definitions

- ♦ All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.
- ♦ Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.

*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska Native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition.

Applicant (**first-time**, **first year**): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

Asian or Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or Pacific Islands. This includes people from China, Japan, Korea, the Philippine Islands, American Samoa, India, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa (except those of Hispanic origin).

Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

Campus Ministry: Religious student organizations (denominational or nondenominational) devoted to fostering religious life on college campuses. May also refer to Campus Crusade for Christ, an interdenominational Christian organization.

*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

Continuous basis (for program enrollment): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

Cooperative education program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

Cooperative housing: College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

Credit: Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit course: A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit hour: A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Cross-registration: A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

Deferred admission: The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

Degree: An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

Degree-seeking students: Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

Doctor's degree-research/scholarship: A Ph.D. or other doctor's degree that requires advanced work beyond the master's level, including the preparation and defense of a dissertation based on original research, or the planning and execution of an original project demonstrating substantial artistic or scholarly achievement. Some examples of this type of degree may include Ed.D., D.M.A., D.B.A., D.Sc., D.A., or D.M, and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-professional practice: A doctor's degree that is conferred upon completion of a program providing the knowledge and skills for the recognition, credential, or license required for professional practice. The degree is awarded after

a period of study such that the total time to the degree, including both pre-professional and professional preparation, equals at least six full-time equivalent academic years. Some of these degrees were formerly classified as "first-professional" and may include: Chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.); Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.); Law (L.L.B. or J.D.); Medicine (M.D.); Optometry (O.D.); Osteopathic Medicine (D.O); Pharmacy (Pharm.D.); Podiatry (D.P.M., Pod.D., D.P.); or, Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.), and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-other: A doctor's degree that does not meet the definition of a doctor's degree - research/scholarship or a doctor's degree - professional practice.

Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college **in the United States** without extending the amount of time required for a degree. **See also Study abroad**.

External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

First-time, **first-year** (**freshman**) **student**: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

Hispanic: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

In-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident alien.

International student group: Student groups that facilitate cultural dialogue, support a diverse campus, assist international students in acclimation and creating a social network.

Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of generally one or two full-time equivalent academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree. Some of these degrees, such as those in Theology (M.Div., M.H.L./Rav) that were formerly classified as "first-professional", may require more than two full-time equivalent academic years of work.

Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

Model United Nations: A simulation activity focusing on conflict resolution, globalization, and diplomacy. Assuming roles as foreign ambassadors and "delegates," students conduct research, engage in debate, draft resolutions, and may participate in a national Model UN conference.

Nonresident alien: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

- *Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.
- *Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an

alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

Room and board (charges)—on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

Transfer student: A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

Unit: a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

- *Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.
- *Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East (except those of Hispanic origin).

***Women's center:** Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

Financial Aid Definitions

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.